Structure, organization,	In order to ensure that only qualified individuals perform the duties of guardians ad litem and that the
and delivery of Child	requirements of this rule are met, each court appointing guardians ad litem shall do all of the following:
Representation	(1) Maintain a public list of approved guardians ad litem while maintaining individual privacy under
	Rules 44 through 47 of the Rules of Superintendence.
State-by-state, county-by-	(2) Establish criteria, which include all requirements of this rule, for appointment and removal of
county, etc.	guardians ad litem and procedures to ensure an equitable distribution of the work load among the
	guardians ad litem on the list.
	(3) Appoint or contract with a person to coordinate the application and appointment process, keep the
	files and records required by this rule, maintain information regarding training opportunities, receive
	written comments and complaints regarding the performance of guardians ad litem practicing before that
	court and perform other duties as assigned by the court.
	(4) Maintain files for all applicants and for individuals approved for appointment as guardians ad litem
	with the court. The files shall contain all records and information required by this rule, and by local rules,
	for the selection and service of guardians ad litem including a certificate or other satisfactory proof of
	compliance with training requirements.
	(5) Require all applicants to submit a resume or information sheet stating the applicant's training,
	experience and expertise demonstrating the person's ability to successfully perform the responsibilities of
	a guardian ad litem.
	(6) Conduct, or cause to be conducted, a criminal and civil background check and investigation of
	information relevant to the applicant's fitness to serve as a guardian ad litem.
	(7) Conduct, at least annually, a review of its list to determine that all individuals are in compliance with
	the training and education requirements of this rule and local rules, that they have performed
	satisfactorily on all assigned cases during the preceding calendar year and are otherwise qualified to
	serve.
	(8) Require all individuals on its list to certify annually they are unaware of any circumstances that would
	disqualify them from serving and to report the training they have attended to comply with division (E) of
	this rule.
	(9) Each court shall develop a process or local rule and appoint a person for accepting and considering
	written comments and complaints regarding the performance of guardians ad litem practicing before that
	court. A copy of comments and complaints submitted to the court shall be provided to the guardian ad
	litem who is the subject of the complaint or comment. The person appointed may forward any comments

	and complaints to the administrative judge of the court for consideration and appropriate action. Dispositions by the court shall be made promptly. The court shall maintain a written record in the guardian ad litem's file regarding the nature and disposition of any comment or complaint and shall notify the person making the comment or complaint and the subject guardian ad litem of the disposition. <u>Oh. Sup. R. 48(G)</u>
Funding Child	The court may fix the compensation for the service of the guardian ad litem, which compensation shall
Representation	be paid from the treasury of the county, subject to rules adopted by the supreme court. <u>Ohio Rev. Code §</u> <u>2151.281(D)</u>
1. General Duties:	A child, the child's parents or custodian, or any other person in loco parentis of the child is entitled to
Timely appointment,	representation by legal counsel at all stages of the proceedings under this chapter or Chapter 2152. of the
mandatory or	Revised Code . If, as an indigent person, a party is unable to employ counsel, the party is entitled to have
discretionary, attorney	counsel provided for the person pursuant to Chapter 120 of the Revised Code except in civil matters in
or lay person,	which the juvenile court is exercising jurisdiction pursuant to division (A)(2), (3), (9), (10), (11), (12), or
represent child's	(13); (B)(2), (3), (4), (5), or (6); (C); (D); or (F)(1) or (2) of section <u>2151.23</u> of the Revised Code. If a
interests, undertake	party appears without counsel, the court shall ascertain whether the party knows of the party's right to
basic obligations,	counsel and of the party's right to be provided with counsel if the party is an indigent person. The court
address conflict	may continue the case to enable a party to obtain counsel, to be represented by the county public
situations, address	defender or the joint county public defender, or to be appointed counsel upon request pursuant to
special needs and disabilities, and	Chapter 120. of the Revised Code. Counsel must be provided for a child not represented by the child's
accommodate client	parent, guardian, or custodian. If the interests of two or more such parties conflict, separate counsel shall be provided for each of them
preferences.	Any report or part thereof concerning such child, which is used in the hearing and is pertinent thereto,
preferences.	shall for good cause shown be made available to any attorney at law representing such child and to any
	attorney at law representing the parents, custodian, or guardian of such child, upon written request prior
	to any hearing involving such child. <u>Ohio Rev. Code § 2151.352.</u>
	The court shall appoint a guardian <i>ad litem</i> to protect the interests of a child or incompetent adult in a juvenile court proceeding when
	5. Any proceeding involves allegations of abuse or neglect, voluntary surrender of permanent custody, or termination of parental rights as soon as possible after the commencement of such proceeding

7. The proceeding is a removal action <u>OH Ct. R. Juv. Proc. 4(B)</u>
<ol> <li>When the guardian ad litem is an attorney admitted to practice in this state, the guardian may also serve as counsel to the ward providing no conflict between the roles exist.</li> <li>If a person is serving as guardian ad litem and as attorney for a ward and either that person or the court finds a conflict between the responsibilities of the role of attorney and that of guardian ad litem, the court shall appoint another person as guardian ad litem for the ward.</li> </ol>
3. If a court appoints a person who is not an attorney admitted to practice in this state to be a guardian ad litem, the court may appoint an attorney admitted to practice in this state to serve as attorney for the guardian ad litem. <u>OH Ct. R. Juv. Proc. 4(C)</u>
(A) The court shall appoint a guardian ad litem, subject to rules adopted by the supreme court, to protect the interest of a child in any proceeding concerning an alleged or adjudicated delinquent child or unruly child when either of the following applies:
<ul> <li>(1) The child has no parent, guardian, or legal custodian.</li> <li>(2) The court finds that there is a conflict of interest between the child and the child's parent, guardian, or legal custodian.</li> <li>(2) (1) For a state of the bit of the state of the</li></ul>
(B)(1) Except as provided in division (K) of this section, the court shall appoint a guardian ad litem, subject to rules adopted by the supreme court, to protect the interest of a child in any proceeding concerning an alleged abused or neglected child and in any proceeding held pursuant to section 2151.414 of the Revised Code. The guardian ad litem so appointed shall not be the attorney responsible for presenting the evidence alleging that the child is an abused or neglected child and shall not be an employee of any party in the proceeding.
(D) The court shall require the guardian ad litem to faithfully discharge the guardian ad litem's duties and, upon the guardian ad litem's failure to faithfully discharge the guardian ad litem's duties, shall discharge the guardian ad litem and appoint another guardian ad litem. The court may fix the compensation for the service of the guardian ad litem, which compensation shall be paid from the treasury of the county, subject to rules adopted by the supreme court.
(G) Except as provided in division (K) of this section, in any case in which a guardian ad litem is to be appointed for an alleged or adjudicated abused, neglected, or dependent child or in any case involving an agreement for the voluntary surrender of temporary or permanent custody of a child that is made in

	accordance with section 5103.15 of the Revised Code, the court shall appoint the guardian ad litem in
	each case as soon as possible after the complaint is filed, the request for an extension of the temporary
	custody agreement is filed with the court, or the request for court approval of the permanent custody
	agreement is filed
	(H) If the guardian ad litem for an alleged or adjudicated abused, neglected, or dependent child is an
	attorney admitted to the practice of law in this state, the guardian ad litem also may serve as counsel to
	the ward. Until the supreme court adopts rules regarding service as a guardian ad litem that regulate
	conflicts between a person's role as guardian ad litem and as counsel, if a person is serving as guardian ad
	litem and counsel for a child and either that person or the court finds that a conflict may exist between
	the person's roles as guardian ad litem and as counsel, the court shall relieve the person of duties as
	guardian ad litem and appoint someone else as guardian ad litem for the child. If the court appoints a
	person who is not an attorney admitted to the practice of law in this state to be a guardian ad litem, the
	court also may appoint an attorney admitted to the practice of law in this state to be a guardian ad intent, the
	guardian ad litem.
	(I) The guardian ad litem for an alleged or adjudicated abused, neglected, or dependent child shall
	perform whatever functions are necessary to protect the best interest of the child
	(J)(1) When the court appoints a guardian ad litem pursuant to this section, it shall appoint a qualified
	volunteer or court appointed special advocate whenever one is available and the appointment is
	appropriate Ohio Rev. Code § 2151.281
	When a court appoints an attorney to serve as both the guardian ad litem and attorney for a child, the
	attorney shall advocate for the child's best interest and the child's wishes in accord with the Rules of
	Professional Conduct. Attorneys who are to serve as both guardian ad litem and attorney should be aware
	of Rule 3.7 of the Rules of Professional Conduct and act accordingly. Oh. Sup. R. 48(D)(7)
2. Out of Court - Actions	The guardian ad litem for an alleged or adjudicated abused, neglected, or dependent child shall perform
to be Taken: Meet	whatever functions are necessary to protect the best interest of the child, including, but not limited to,
with child, undertake	investigation, mediation, monitoring court proceedings, and monitoring the services provided the child
an investigation,	by the public children services agency or private child placing agency that has temporary or permanent
provide advice and	custody of the child, and shall file any motions and other court papers that are in the best interest of the
counseling, file	child in accordance with rules adopted by the supreme court. The guardian ad litem shall be given notice
pleadings, request	of all hearings, administrative reviews, and other proceedings in the same manner as notice is given to
services, address	parties to the action. Ohio Rev. Code § 2151.281(I)
special needs,	

int filed with respect to a child pursuant to section $2151.27$ of the Revised Code alleges that a abused, neglected, or dependent child, any individual or entity that is listed in divisions
b) (k) of section $2151.14$ of the Revised Code and that is investigating whether the child is an glected, or dependent child, has custody of the child, is preparing a social history for the child, ling any services for the child may request any board of education, governing body of a onpublic school, public children services agency, private child placing agency, probation 4, law enforcement agency, or prosecuting attorney that has any records related to the child to 6 individual or entity with a copy of the records. The request shall be in writing, describe the ords requested, explain the need for the records, be accompanied by a copy of the complaint, be the relationship of the requesting individual or entity to the child. The individual or entity de a copy of the request to the child in question, the attorney or guardian ad litem of the child, ent, guardian, or custodian of the child. <u>Ohio Rev. Code § 2151.141(a)</u>
on the filing of a motion pursuant to section 2151.413 of the Revised Code for permanent a child, the court shall schedule a hearing and give notice of the filing of the motion and of the accordance with section 2151.29 of the Revised Code, to all parties to the action and to the rdian ad litem. The notice also shall contain a full explanation that the granting of permanent rmanently divests the parents of their parental rights, a full explanation of their right to be l by counsel and to have counsel appointed pursuant to Chapter 120. of the Revised Code if digent, and the name and telephone number of the court employee designated by the court section 2151.314 of the Revised Code to arrange for the prompt appointment of counsel for rsons.
mining the best interest of a child at a hearing held pursuant to division (A) of this section or poses of division (A)(4) or (5) of section 2151.353 or division (C) of section 2151.415 of the ode, the court shall consider all relevant factors, including, but not limited to, the following shes of the child, as expressed directly by the child or through the child's guardian ad litem, gard for the maturity of the child <u>Ohio Rev. Code § 2151.414</u>
r F F C

In order to provide the court with relevant information and an informed recommendation regarding the child's best interest, a guardian ad litem shall perform, at a minimum, the responsibilities stated in this division, unless impracticable or inadvisable to do so.

(1) A guardian ad litem shall represent the best interest of the child for whom the guardian is appointed. Representation of best interest may be inconsistent with the wishes of the child whose interest the guardian ad litem represents.

(2) A guardian ad litem shall maintain independence, objectivity and fairness as well as the appearance of fairness in dealings with parties and professionals, both in and out of the courtroom and shall have no ex parte communications with the court regarding the merits of the case.

(3) A guardian ad litem is an officer of the court and shall act with respect and courtesy to the parties at all times ...

(5) A non-attorney guardian ad litem must avoid engaging in conduct that constitutes the unauthorized practice of law, be vigilant in performing the guardian ad litem's duties and request that the court appoint legal counsel, or otherwise employ the services of an attorney, to undertake appropriate legal actions on behalf of the guardian ad litem in the case.

(6) A guardian ad litem who is an attorney may file pleadings, motions and other documents as appropriate under the applicable rules of procedure.

(7) When a court appoints an attorney to serve as both the guardian ad litem and attorney for a child, the attorney shall advocate for the child's best interest and the child's wishes in accord with the Rules of Professional Conduct. Attorneys who are to serve as both guardian ad litem and attorney should be aware of Rule 3.7 of the Rules of Professional Conduct and act accordingly.

(8) When a guardian ad litem determines that a conflict exists between the child's best interest and the child's wishes, the guardian ad litem shall, at the earliest practical time, request in writing that the court promptly resolve the conflict by entering appropriate orders.

(9) A guardian ad litem shall avoid any actual or apparent conflict of interest arising from any relationship or activity including, but not limited to, those of employment or business or from professional or personal contacts with parties or others involved in the case. A guardian ad litem shall avoid self-dealing or associations from which the guardian ad litem might benefit, directly or indirectly, except from compensation for services as a guardian ad litem.

(10) Upon becoming aware of any actual or apparent conflict of interest, a guardian ad litem shall immediately take action to resolve the conflict, shall advise the court and the parties of the action taken

and may resign from the matter with leave of court, or seek court direction as necessary. Because a
conflict of interest may arise at any time, a guardian ad litem has an ongoing duty to comply with this
division.
(11) Unless excepted by statute, by court rule consistent with this rule, or by order of court pursuant to
this rule, a guardian ad litem shall meet the qualifications and satisfy all training and continuing
education requirements under this rule and under any local court rules governing guardians ad litem. A
guardian ad litem shall meet the qualifications for guardians ad litem for each county where the guardian
ad litem serves and shall promptly advise each court of any grounds for disqualification or unavailability
to serve.
(12) A guardian ad litem shall be responsible for providing the court or its designee with a statement
indicating compliance with all initial and continuing educational and training requirements so the court
may maintain the files required in division (G) of this rule. The compliance statement shall include
information detailing the date, location, contents and credit hours received for any relevant training
course.
(13) A guardian ad litem shall make reasonable efforts to become informed about the facts of the case
and to contact all parties. In order to provide the court with relevant information and an informed
recommendation as to the child's best interest, a guardian ad litem shall, at a minimum, do the following,
unless impracticable or inadvisable because of the age of the child or the specific circumstances of a
particular case:
(a) Meet with and interview the child and observe the child with each parent, foster parent, guardian or
physical custodian and conduct at least one interview with the child where none of these individuals is
present;
(b) Visit the child at his or her residence in accordance with any standards established by the court in
which the guardian ad litem is appointed;
(c) Ascertain the wishes of the child;
(d) Meet with and interview the parties, foster parents and other significant individuals who may have
relevant knowledge regarding the issues of the case;
(e) Review pleadings and other relevant court documents in the case in which the guardian ad litem is
appointed;
(f) Review criminal, civil, educational and administrative records pertaining to the child and, if
appropriate, to the child's family or to other parties in the case;
(g) Interview school personnel, medical and mental health providers, child protective services workers
and relevant court personnel and obtain copies of relevant records;

(h) Recommend that the court order psychological evaluations, mental health and/or substance abuse
assessments, or other evaluations or tests of the parties as the guardian ad litem deems necessary or
helpful to the court; and
(i) Perform any other investigation necessary to make an informed recommendation regarding the best
interest of the child.
(14) A guardian ad litem shall immediately identify himself or herself as a guardian ad litem when
contacting individuals in the course of a particular case and shall inform these individuals about the
guardian ad litem's role and that documents and information obtained may become part of court
proceedings.
(15) As an officer of the court, a guardian ad litem shall make no disclosures about the case or the
investigation except in reports to the court or as necessary to perform the duties of a guardian ad litem. A
guardian ad litem shall maintain the confidential nature of personal identifiers, as defined in Rule 44 of
the Rules of Superintendence, or addresses where there are allegations of domestic violence or risk to a
party's or child's safety. A guardian ad litem may recommend that the court restrict access to the report
or a portion of the report, after trial, to preserve the privacy, confidentiality, or safety of the parties or the
person for whom the guardian ad litem was appointed in accordance with Rule 45 of the Rules of
Superintendence. The court may, upon application, and under such conditions as may be necessary to
protect the witnesses from potential harm, order disclosure of or access to the information that addresses
the need to challenge the truth of the information received from the confidential source.
(16) A guardian ad litem shall perform responsibilities in a prompt and timely manner, and, if necessary,
an attorney guardian ad litem may request timely court reviews and judicial intervention in writing with
notice to parties or affected agencies <u>Oh. Sup. R. <math>48(D)</math></u>
A guardian ad litem shall prepare a written final report, including recommendations to the court, within
the times set forth in this division. The report shall detail the activities performed, hearings attended,
persons interviewed, documents reviewed, experts consulted and all other relevant information
considered by the guardian ad litem in reaching the guardian ad litem's recommendations and in
accomplishing the duties required by statute, by court rule, and in the court's Order of Appointment. In
addition, the following provisions shall apply to guardian ad litem reports in the juvenile and domestic
relations divisions of Courts of Common Pleas:
(1) In juvenile abuse, neglect, and dependency cases and actions to terminate parental rights:
(a) All reports, written or oral, shall be used by the court to ensure that the guardian ad litem has
performed those responsibilities required by section 2151.281 of the Revised Code.

	<ul> <li>(b) Oral and written reports may address the substantive allegations before the court, but shall not be considered as conclusive on the issues.</li> <li>(c) Unless waived by all parties or unless the due date is extended by the court, the final report shall be filed with the court and made available to the parties for inspection no less than seven days before the dispositional hearing. Written reports maybe accessed in person or by phone by the parties or their legal representatives. A copy shall be provided to the court at the hearing.</li> <li>(e) A guardian ad litem also may file an interim report, written or oral, any time prior to the dispositional hearing and prior to hearings on actions to terminate parental rights.</li> <li>Written reports may be accessed in person or by phone by the parties for inspection no less than seven days before a hearing, unless the due date is extended by the court. Written reports may be accessed in person or by phone by the parties or their legal representatives.</li> </ul>
	report shall be provided to the court at the hearing Oh. Sup. R. 48(F)
In Court – Active Participation in Hearings: Appear in court, explain	A guardian ad litem shall appear and participate in any hearing for which the duties of a guardian ad litem or any issues substantially within a guardian ad litem's duties and scope of appointment are to be addressed. <u>Oh. Sup. R. 48(D)(4)</u>
proceedings to client, present evidence, ensure child is present, expand scope of representation into other needed areas, and undertake certain obligations post-	A guardian ad litem shall be available to testify at the dispositional hearing and may orally supplement the final report at the conclusion of the hearing. <u>Oh. Sup. R. 48(F)(1)(D)</u>
disposition.	
Post-Hearing: Review courts order, communicate order to	No later than one year after the earlier of the date the complaint in the case was filed or the child was first placed in shelter care, a party may ask the court to extend an order for protective supervision for six months or to terminate the order. A party requesting extension or termination of the order shall file a

child, and monitor implementation of orders	written request for the extension or termination with the court and give notice of the proposed extension or termination in writing before the end of the day after the day of filing it to all parties and the child's guardian ad litem. If a public children services agency or private child placing agency requests termination of the order, the agency shall file a written status report setting out the facts supporting termination of the order at the time it files the request with the court. If no party requests extension or termination of the order, the court shall notify the parties that the court will extend the order for six months or terminate it and that it may do so without a hearing unless one of the parties requests a hearing. All parties and the guardian ad litem shall have seven days from the date a notice is sent pursuant to this division to object to and request a hearing on the proposed extension or termination. <u>Ohio Rev. Code § 2151.353(H)(1)</u> Any party may propose a change to a substantive part of the case plan, including, but not limited to, the child's placement and the visitation rights of any party. A party proposing a change to the case plan shall
	file the proposed change with the court and give notice of the proposed change in writing before the end of the day after the day of filing it to all parties and the child's guardian ad litem. All parties and the guardian ad litem shall have seven days from the date the notice is sent to object to and request a hearing on the proposed change. <u>Ohio Rev. Code § 2151.412(F)(2)</u>
5. Appellate Advocacy: Decision to appeal, withdrawal, participation in appeal, conclusion by appeal.	No explicit legal authority or requirements
6. Cessation of Representation: Contacts post representation, if any	The guardian ad litem or the guardian ad litem's replacement shall continue to serve until any of the following occur: (1) The complaint is dismissed or the request for an extension of a temporary custody agreement or for court approval of the permanent custody agreement is withdrawn or denied; (2) All dispositional orders relative to the child have terminated; (3) The legal custody of the child is granted to a relative of the child, or to another person; (4) The child is placed in an adoptive home or, at the court's discretion, a final decree of adoption is issued with respect to the child; (5) The child reaches the age of eighteen if the child is not mentally retarded, developmentally

	<ul> <li>disabled, or physically impaired or the child reaches the age of twenty-one if the child is mentally retarded, developmentally disabled, or physically impaired;</li> <li>(6) The guardian ad litem resigns or is removed by the court and a replacement is appointed by the court.</li> <li>If a guardian ad litem ceases to serve a child pursuant to division (G)(4) of this section and the petition</li> </ul>
	for adoption with respect to the child is denied or withdrawn prior to the issuance of a final decree of adoption or prior to the date an interlocutory order of adoption becomes final, the juvenile court shall reappoint a guardian ad litem for that child. The public children services agency or private child placing agency with permanent custody of the child shall notify the juvenile court if the petition for adoption is denied or withdrawn. <u>Ohio Rev. Code § 2151.281(G)</u>
	An attorney or guardian ad litem may withdraw only with the consent of the court upon good cause shown. OH Ct. R. Juv. Proc. $4(F)$
7. General Representation Rules:	(1) Each court appointing a guardian ad litem under this rule shall enter an Order of Appointment which shall include:
Administrative	(a) A statement regarding whether a person is being appointed as a guardian ad litem only or as a
structure is clear for appointment, support	<ul><li>guardian ad litem and attorney for the child.</li><li>(b) A statement that the appointment shall remain in effect until discharged by order of the court, by the</li></ul>
and accountability of	court filing a final order in the case or by court rule.
the CR. The child's representative is	(c) A statement that the guardian ad litem shall be given notice of all hearings and proceedings and shall be provided a copy of all pleadings, motions, notices and other documents filed in the case.
independent from the court	(2) Whenever feasible, the same guardian ad litem shall be reappointed for a specific child in any subsequent case in any court relating to the best interest of the child. <u>Oh. Sup. R. <math>48(C)</math></u>
	In order to ensure that only qualified individuals perform the duties of guardians ad litem and that the requirements of this rule are met, each court appointing guardians ad litem shall do all of the following: (1) Maintain a public list of approved guardians ad litem while maintaining individual privacy under Rules 44 through 47 of the Rules of Superintendence.
	(2) Establish criteria, which include all requirements of this rule, for appointment and removal of guardians ad litem and procedures to ensure an equitable distribution of the work load among the guardians ad litem on the list.
	<ul><li>(3) Appoint or contract with a person to coordinate the application and appointment process, keep the files and records required by this rule, maintain information regarding training opportunities, receive</li></ul>

written comments and complaints regarding the performance of guardians ad litem practicing before that
court and perform other duties as assigned by the court.
(4) Maintain files for all applicants and for individuals approved for appointment as guardians ad litem with the court. The files shall contain all records and information required by this rule, and by local rules,
for the selection and service of guardians ad litem including a certificate or other satisfactory proof of compliance with training requirements.
(5) Require all applicants to submit a resume or information sheet stating the applicant's training,
experience and expertise demonstrating the person's ability to successfully perform the responsibilities of a guardian ad litem.
(6) Conduct, or cause to be conducted, a criminal and civil background check and investigation of information relevant to the applicant's fitness to serve as a guardian ad litem.
(7) Conduct, at least annually, a review of its list to determine that all individuals are in compliance with
the training and education requirements of this rule and local rules, that they have performed
satisfactorily on all assigned cases during the preceding calendar year and are otherwise qualified to
serve.
(8) Require all individuals on its list to certify annually they are unaware of any circumstances that would disqualify them from serving and to report the training they have attended to comply with division (E) of
this rule.
(9) Each court shall develop a process or local rule and appoint a person for accepting and considering written comments and complaints regarding the performance of guardians ad litem practicing before that
court. A copy of comments and complaints submitted to the court shall be provided to the guardian ad
litem who is the subject of the complaint or comment. The person appointed may forward any comments and complaints to the administrative judge of the court for consideration and appropriate action.
Dispositions by the court shall be made promptly. The court shall maintain a written record in the
guardian ad litem's file regarding the nature and disposition of any comment or complaint and shall
notify the person making the comment or complaint and the subject guardian ad litem of the disposition. Oh. Sup. R. $48(G)$
$\underline{On. Sup. K. 40(O)}$
A guardian ad litem shall maintain independence, objectivity and fairness as well as the appearance of
fairness in dealings with parties and professionals, both in and out of the courtroom and shall have no ex
parte communications with the court regarding the merits of the case. <u>Oh. Sup. R. 48(D)(2)</u>

8.	Lawyer Training:	Upon request, the department of job and family services shall provide for the training of volunteer
	Child representative	guardians ad litem. Ohio Rev. Code § 2151.281(J)(2)
	trained, on-going	
	training provided, new	In order to serve as a guardian ad litem, an applicant shall have, at a minimum, the following training:
	attorneys provided	(1) Successful completion of a pre-service training course to qualify for appointment and thereafter,
	senior lawyer	successful completion of continuing education training in each succeeding calendar year to qualify for
	mentorship.	continued appointment.
		(2) The pre-service training course must be the six hour guardian ad litem pre-service course provided by
		the Supreme Court of Ohio, the Ohio CASA/GAL Association's pre-service training program, or with
		prior approval of the appointing court, be a course at least six hours in length that covers the topic areas
		in division (E) (3).
		(3) To meet the requirements of this rule, the pre-service course shall include training on all the
		following topics:
		(a) Human needs and child development including, but not limited to, stages of child development;
		(b) Communication and diversity including, but not limited to, communication skills with children and
		adults, interviewing skills, methods of critical questioning, use of open- ended questions, understanding
		the perspective of the child, sensitivity, building trust,
		multicultural awareness, and confidentiality;
		(c) Preventing child abuse and neglect including, but not limited to, assessing risk and safety;
		(d) Family and child issues including, but not limited to, family dynamics, substance abuse and its
		effects, basic psychopathology for adults and children, domestic violence and its effects;
		(e) Legal framework including, but not limited to, records checks, accessing, assessing and appropriate
		protocol, a guardian ad litem's role in court, local resources and service practice, report content,
		mediation and other types of dispute resolution.
		(4) The continuing education course must be at least three hours in length and be provided by the
		Supreme Court of Ohio or by the Ohio CASA/GAL Association, or with prior approval of the appointing
		court, be a training that complies with division (5) of this rule.
		(5) To meet the requirements of this rule, the three hour continuing education course shall:
		(a) Be specifically designed for continuing education of guardians ad litem and not pre-service education;
		and
		(b) Consist of advanced education related to topics identified in division (E)(3) (a)– (e) of this rule.
		(6) If a guardian ad litem fails to complete a three hour continuing education course within any calendar
		year, that person shall not be eligible to serve as a guardian ad litem until this continuing education

requirement is satisfied. If the person's gap in continuing education is three calendar years or less, the
person shall qualify to serve after completing a three hour continuing education course offered under this
rule. If the gap in continuing education is more than three
calendar years that person must complete a six hour pre-service education course to qualify to serve.
(7) An individual who is currently serving as a guardian ad litem on the effective date of this rule, or who
has served during the five years immediately preceding the effective date, shall have one year from the
effective date to obtain the required six hour pre-service training in order to avoid removal from the
court's list of approved guardians ad litem.
(8) Attendance at an Ohio Guardian ad Litem Training Program approved by the Supreme Court of Ohio
or at an Ohio CASA/Guardian Association pre-service training program at any time prior to the effective
date of this rule shall be deemed compliance with the pre- service training requirement. Oh. Sup. R.
<u>48(E)</u>
In order to assist attorneys in meeting the requirements of this new rule, regional training is available
through the Supreme Court of Ohio Judicial College.
http://www.supremecourt.ohio.gov/GAL/default.asp
Individuals interested in serving as guardian ad litem must complete a six hour pre-service training
course which meets the minimum requirements set under the education requirement of Superintendence Rule 48. Certain GAL pre-service courses taken before the rule's effective date of March 1, 2009 satisfy
this requirement. <u>http://www.supremecourt.ohio.gov/GAL/preService.asp</u>
this requirement. <u>http://www.supremecourt.onio.gov/GAL/preservice.asp</u>
Superintendence Rule 48 requires that guardians ad litem complete three hours of continuing GAL
education <i>every calendar year</i> after completing the initial six hour pre-service course.
http://www.supremecourt.ohio.gov/GAL/continuingGAL.asp
CASA Training: The 30-40 hour Ohio CASA/GAL Association's pre-service training satisfies the
educational requirements of Sup. R. 48 for pre-service training and the Ohio CASA/GAL Association's
12 hours of in-service training satisfies the 3 hour continuing education requirement.
http://www.supremecourt.ohio.gov/GAL/CASA.asp
CASA volunteers are required to attend a minimum of 30 hours of comprehensive pre-service training
provided by local CASA/GAL programs using the National CASA Association curriculum or its

		equivalent. The pre-service course teaches volunteers about issues including, but not limited to, courtroom procedures, child welfare practices, interview techniques and case research strategies. Pre-service training educates volunteers about cultural awareness, child development, the cycle of attachment, resilience, the effects of separation and the need for permanence. Volunteers also learn about issues that often impact the children and families they will work with: mental illness, domestic violence, poverty and substance abuse and addiction.
		Volunteers must attend 12 hours of continuing education (in-service training) each year, three hours of which <u>must</u> consist of guardian ad litem continuing education required by Rule 48 of the Rules of Superintendence for the Courts of Ohio (Rule 48). Ohio CASA, meaning the state office and all of its local programs, is authorized by the Supreme Court of Ohio as an approved GAL continuing education provider. In an effort to further support volunteers' need for continuing education, Ohio CASA's annual Celebrate Kids! Conference brings together speakers from many disciplines who present on topics that pertain to CASA/GAL volunteers' work and experiences. Ohio CASA also conducts several regional training sessions throughout the state to provide continuing education training opportunities for as many volunteers as possible. Local CASA/GAL programs offer ongoing in-service training specific to the needs of their volunteers and the communities and children they serve.
		It is important for CASA volunteers to complete in-service training requirements in a timely manner and to make sure they receive documentation of their successful completion of courses. Ohio CASA recommends CASA volunteers come to court proceedings with that documentation and be prepared to affirmatively answer that they are compliant with all training requirements under Rule 48. Parties to cases on which CASA volunteers serve may attempt to discredit a volunteer's recommendation on the basis that the volunteer has not been appropriately trained. http://www.ohiocasa.org/index.cfm?fuseaction=page&page_id=5030
9.	Lawyer Compensation: Adequate and timely compensation, reimbursement	A guardian ad litem who is to be paid by the court or a party, shall keep accurate records of the time spent, services rendered, and expenses incurred in each case and file an itemized statement and accounting with the court and provide a copy to each party or other entity responsible for payment. <u>Oh.</u> <u>Sup. R. 48(D)(17)</u>
	provided for expenses.	The court may fix compensation for the services of appointed counsel and guardians ad litem, tax the same as part of the costs and assess them against the child, the child's parents, custodian, or other person

	in loco parentis of such child. OH Ct. R. Juv. Proc. 4(G)
10. Caseload Levels:	No explicit legal authority or requirements
Caseloads are of a	
manageable size	